

Unifying **graded** and **parameterised** monads

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The humble monad

$$T : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

```
join :: m m a -> m a
```

$$\begin{array}{c} T \circ T \\ \mu \downarrow \\ T \end{array}$$

multiplication

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Id} \\ \eta \downarrow \\ T \end{array}$$

unit

```
return :: a -> m a
```

+ associativity and unitality axioms

Graded monads

$$G : \mathbb{E} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}]$$

Functor

$$(\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I)$$

(Discrete) monoidal category

$$Gx \circ Gy$$

Id

$$\mu_{x,y} \downarrow$$

$$\eta \downarrow$$

$$G(x \bullet y)$$

GI

multiplication

unit

+ associativity and unitality axioms

Graded monads for type-based effect analysis

monadic metalanguage

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : MA \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash e' : MB}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{do} \ x \leftarrow e; e' : MB}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : A}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{return} \ e : MA}$$

Graded monads for type-based effect analysis

graded
monadic metalanguage

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : G \mathbf{x} A \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash e' : G \mathbf{y} B}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{do} \ x \leftarrow e; e' : G (\mathbf{x} \bullet \mathbf{y}) B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : A}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{return} \ e : G \mathbf{I} A}$$

... for refining semantics

Humble state

$$\text{State } A = \text{Store}(\mathcal{L}) \rightarrow A \times \text{Store}(\mathcal{L})$$

$$\text{get} : (l : A \in \mathcal{L}) \rightarrow \text{State } A$$

$$\text{put} : (l : A \in \mathcal{L}) \rightarrow A \rightarrow \text{State } 1$$

vs. graded

$$\text{State } x A = \text{Store}(\text{reads}(x)) \rightarrow A \times \text{Store}(\text{writes}(x))$$

$$\text{get} : (l : A \in \mathcal{L}) \rightarrow \text{State} \{r(l)\} A$$

$$\text{put} : (l : A \in \mathcal{L}) \rightarrow A \rightarrow \text{State} \{w(l)\} 1$$

Graded monads

$$G : \mathbb{E} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}]$$

Functor

$$(\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I)$$

(Discrete) monoidal category

$$Gx \circ Gy$$

Id

$$\mu_{x,y} \downarrow$$

$$\eta \downarrow$$

$$G(x \bullet y)$$

$$GI$$

multiplication

unit

+ associativity and unitality axioms

(unordered) Graded monads

$$G : \mathbb{E} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}]$$

Functor

$$(\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I)$$

(Discrete) monoidal category

$$Gx \circ Gy$$

Id

$$\mu_{x,y} \downarrow$$

$$\eta \downarrow$$

$$G(x \bullet y)$$

$$GI$$

multiplication

unit

+ associativity and unitality axioms

unordered

graded
monads

Graded monads

$G : \mathbb{E} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}]$ Functor

$(\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I, \leq)$ Strict monoidal category

$Gx \circ Gy$

$\mu_{x,y} \downarrow$

$G(x \bullet y)$

multiplication

+ associativity and unitality axioms

Id

$\eta \downarrow$

GI

unit

Gx

$\downarrow G(h : x \leq y)$

Gy

approximation

+ monotonicity

unordered

graded
monads

Parametrised monads

$$P : \mathbb{I}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{I} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \quad \text{Functor}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P(i, j) \circ P(j, k) & & \text{Id} \\ \mu_{i,j,k} \downarrow & & \eta_i \downarrow \\ P(i, k) & & P(i, i) \\ \text{multiplication} & & \text{unit} \end{array}$$

+ associativity and unitality axioms

Parametrised monads

$$P : \mathbb{I}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{I} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \quad \text{Functor}$$

$$P(i, j) \circ P(j, k)$$

Id

$$\mu_{i,j,k} \downarrow$$

$$\eta_i \downarrow$$

$$P(i, k)$$

$$P(i, i)$$

multiplication

unit

+ associativity and unitality axioms

$$\frac{A \xrightarrow{f} P(i, j) B \quad B \xrightarrow{g} P(j, k) C}{A \xrightarrow{\mu_{i,j,k,C} \circ P g \circ f} P(i, k) C}$$

cf Floyd-Hoare logic

$$\frac{\{i\} C \{j\} \quad \{j\} C' \{k\}}{\{i\} C; C' \{k\}}$$

Parametrised monads

$$P : \mathbb{I}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{I} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}]$$

Functor

$$P(i, j) \circ P(j, k)$$

$$\mu_{i,j,k} \downarrow$$

$$P(i, k)$$

multiplication

+ associativity and unitality axioms

$$\text{Id}$$

$$\eta_i \downarrow$$

$$P(i, i)$$

unit

$$P(i, j)$$

$$\downarrow$$

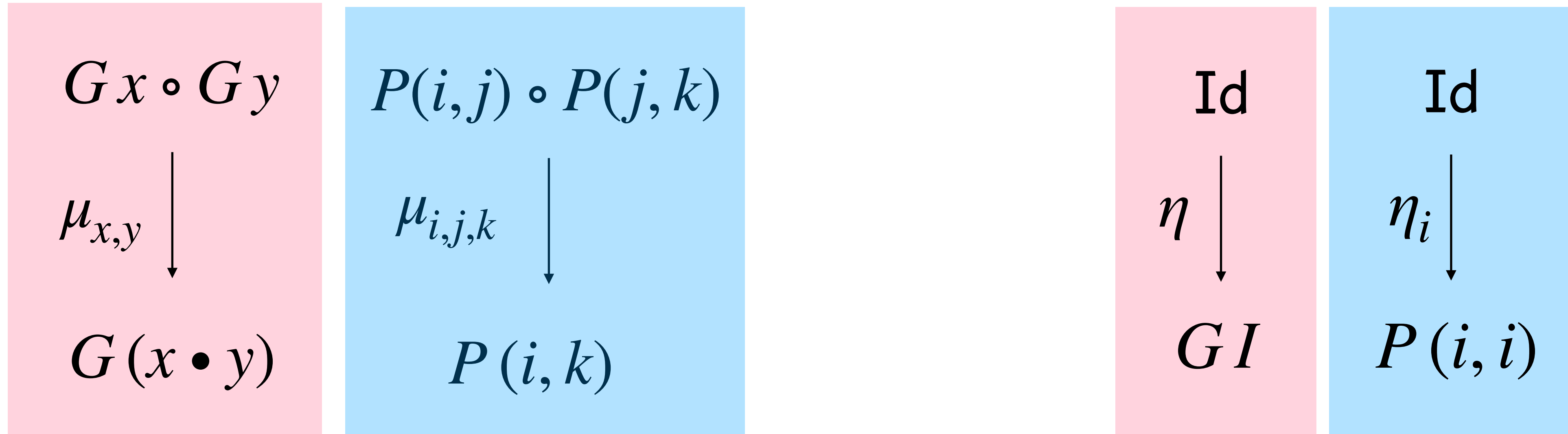
$$P(f : i' \rightarrow i, g : j \rightarrow j')$$

$$P(i', j')$$

approximation

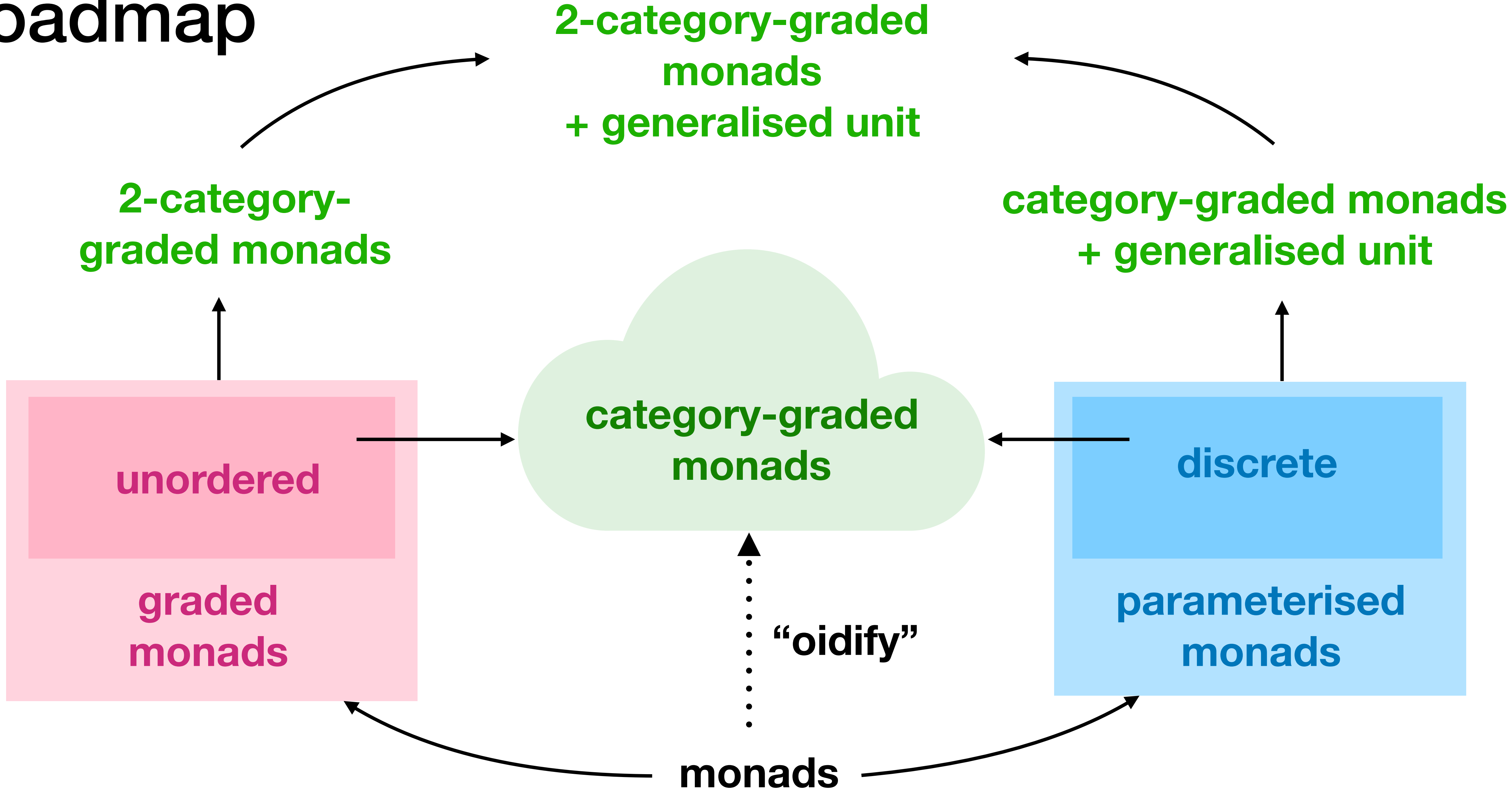
+ dinaturality axioms

G and P: side-by-side



Can we unify their definitions?

Roadmap



“Oidification”



1. concept shown to be equivalent to a single-object category
2. generalise that to a category with more than one object/morphism

Monads are lax functors

(Benabou 1967)

One object \star

One morphism

$$id : \star \rightarrow \star$$

$$T : 1 \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$$

One object \mathbb{C}

Morphisms are endofunctors

2-morphisms are nat. trans.

Recall: functor axioms

$$F : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$$

$$id = F id$$

$$Fg \circ Ff = F(g \circ f)$$

Lax functor axioms

$$id \Rightarrow F id$$

$$Fg \circ Ff \Rightarrow F(g \circ f)$$

+ associativity/unitality

\mathbb{D} is a 2-category

Here natural transformations

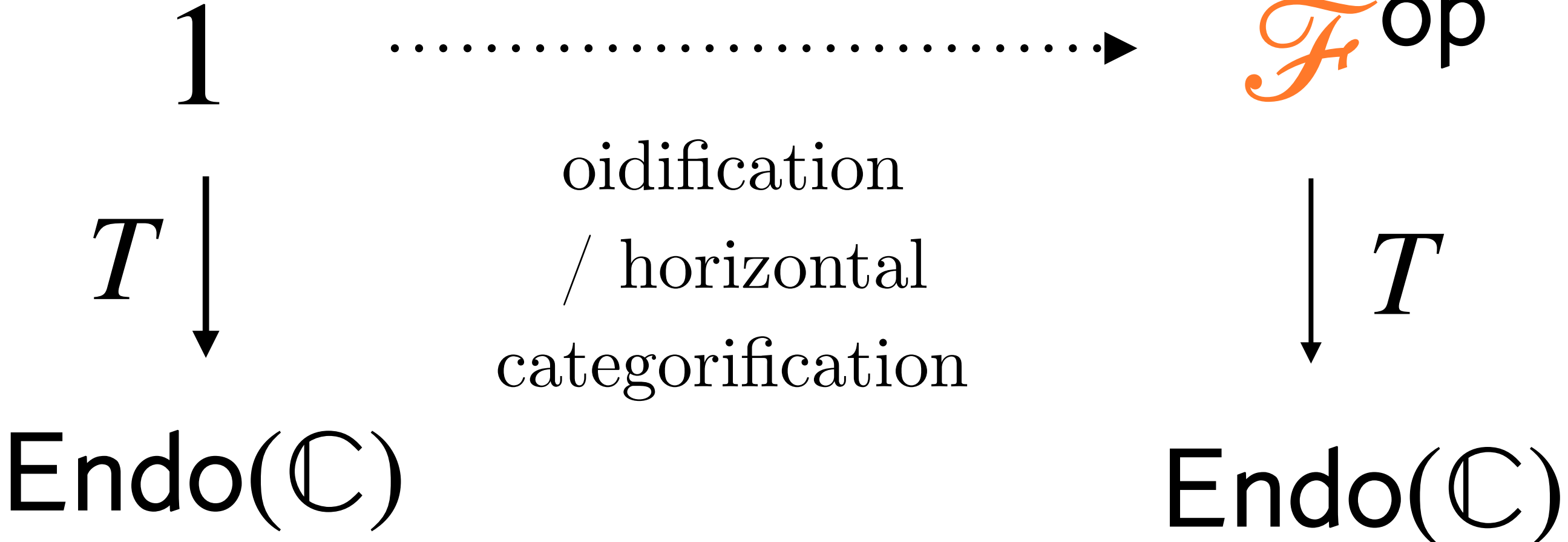
$$\eta : id \Rightarrow T id$$

$$\mu : T id \circ T id \Rightarrow T id$$

Oidifying a monad

Monad

“Category-graded monad”



(Benabou 1967)

Lax functor

$$\eta : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}$$

$$\mu : T \text{id} \circ T \text{id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}$$

$$\eta_x : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}_x$$

$$\mu_{f,g} : T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f)$$

1. Unordered graded monads are category-graded monads

“**Category-graded monad**”

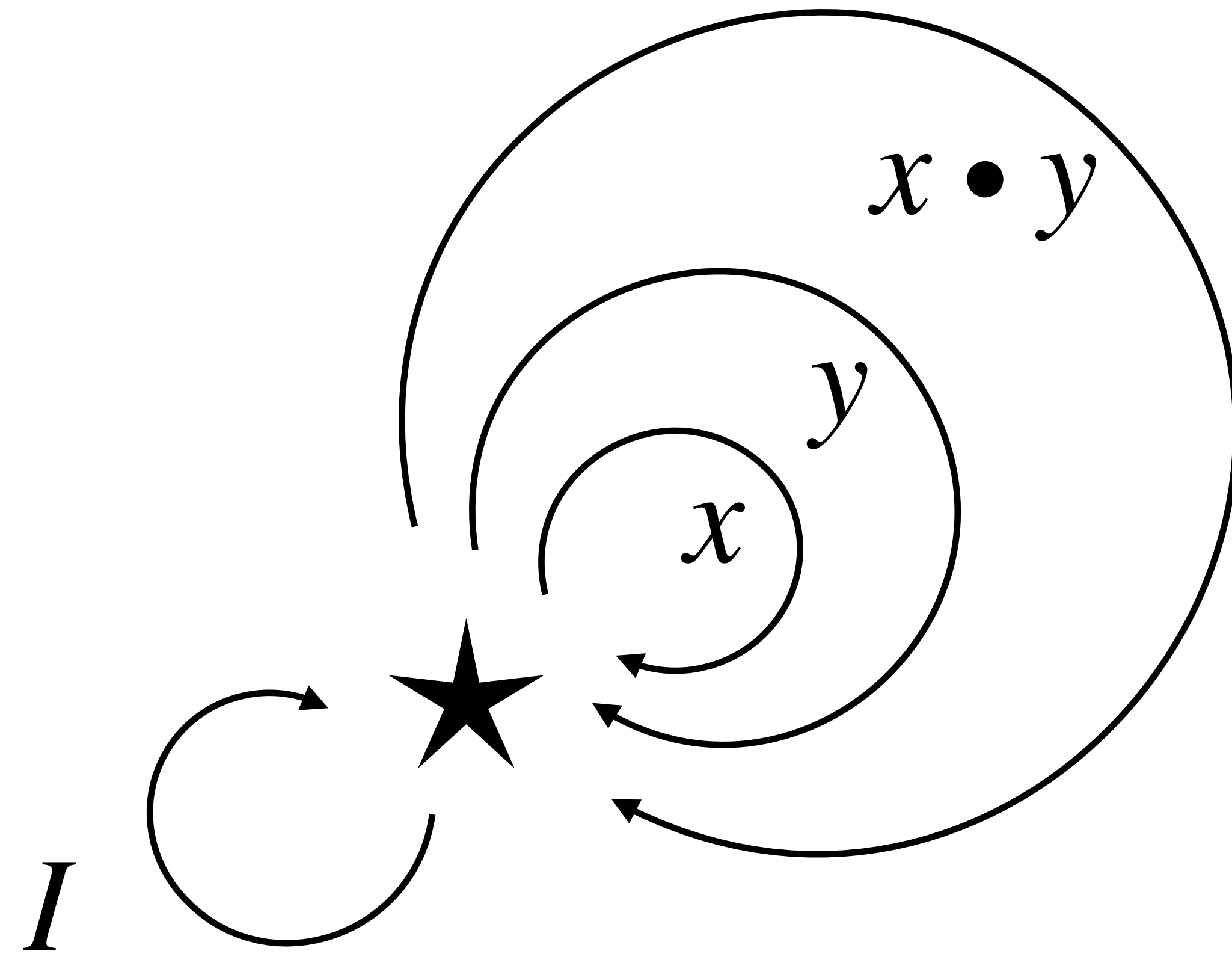
$$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \\ \downarrow T \\ \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C}) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_x &: \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}_x \\ \mu_{f,g} &: T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f) \end{aligned}$$

Monoid-graded monad G

$$\begin{array}{c} (\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I) \\ \downarrow G \\ [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \end{array}$$

Monoids are one-object categories are discrete monoidal categories



1. Unordered graded monads are category-graded monads

Category-graded monad

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \\ \downarrow T \\ \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C}) \end{array}$$

 \supseteq

Monoid-graded monad G

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{1}_{(\mathbb{E}^{\text{op}}, \bullet, I)} \equiv (\mathbb{E}, \bullet, I) \\ \downarrow \\ \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C}) \equiv [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \downarrow G \\ \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C}) \equiv [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_x &: \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{ id}_x \\ \mu_{f,g} &: T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_\star &: \text{Id} \Rightarrow G I \\ \mu_{x,y} &: G x \circ G y \Rightarrow G(x \bullet y) \end{aligned}$$

2. Graded monads are 2-category-graded monads

2-category-graded monad

Category-graded monad

$$T : \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$$

$$\eta_x : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}_x$$

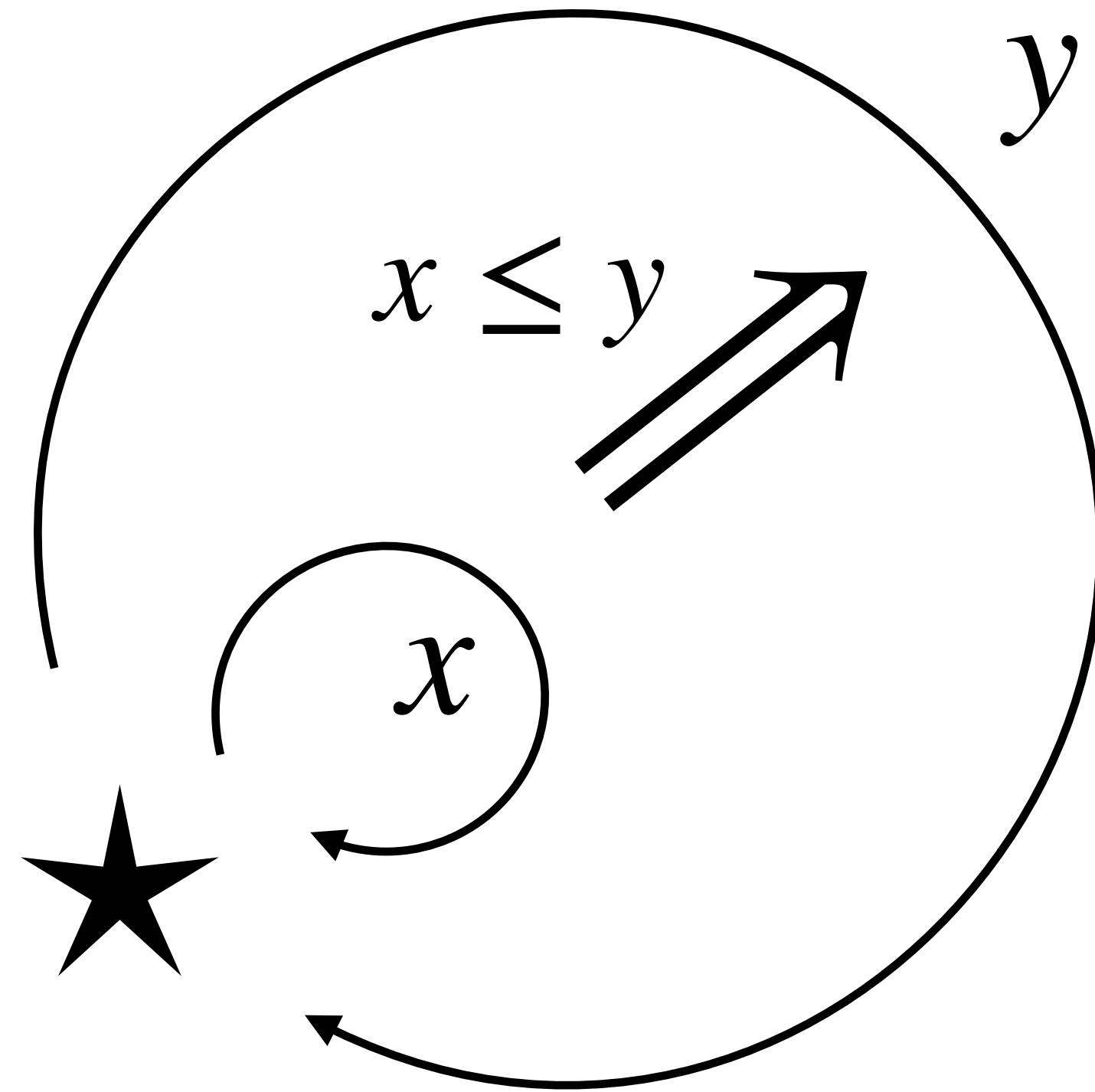
$$\mu_{f,g} : T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f)$$

+ 2-morphism mapping

$$T(\mathbf{h} : g \Rightarrow f) : T g \Rightarrow T f$$

(i.e., \mathcal{F} is a 2-category)

Pomonoids are one object 2-categories are monoidal categories



2. Graded monads are 2-category-graded monads

2-category-graded monad

$$T : \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$$

$$\eta_x : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}_x$$

$$\mu_{f,g} : T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f)$$

$$T(\mathbf{h} : g \Rightarrow f) : T g \Rightarrow T f$$

2-morphism mapping

\cong

(Ordered) Graded monad

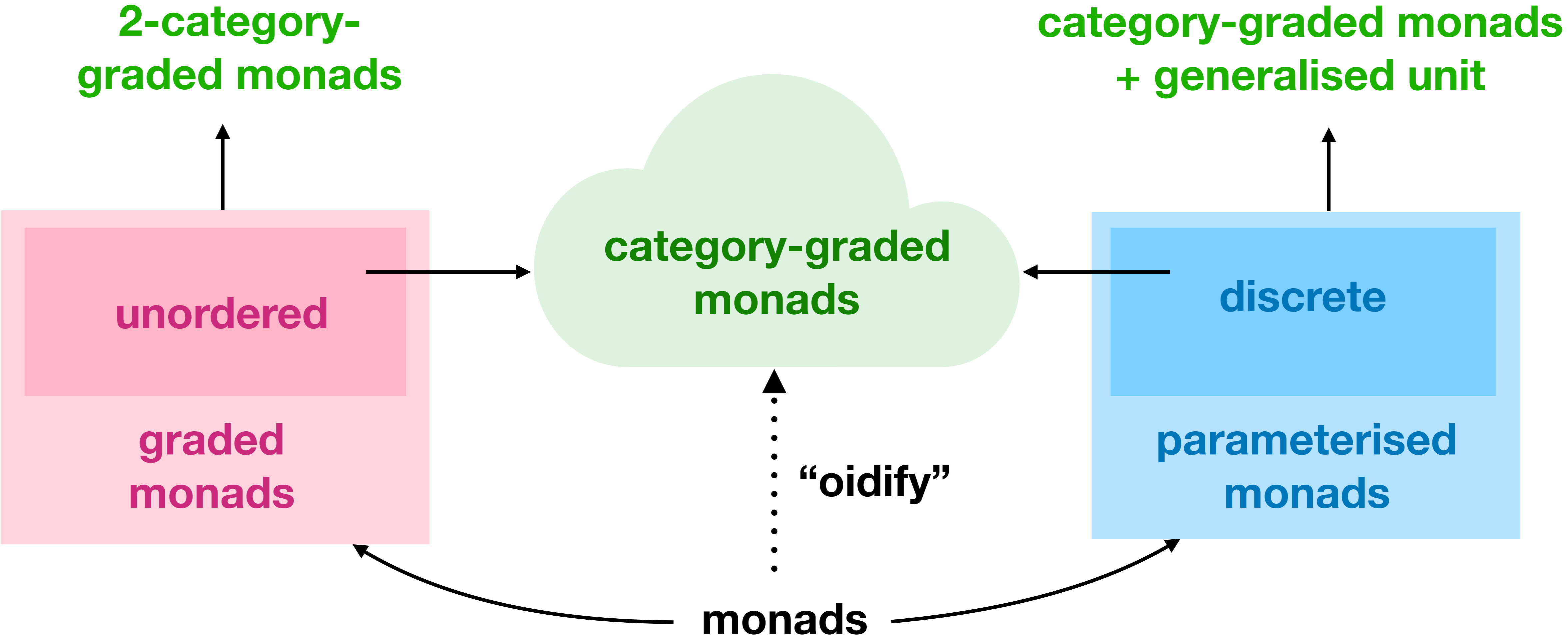
$$G : 1_{(\mathbb{E}^{\text{op}}, \bullet, I, \leq)} \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$$

$$\eta_{\star} : \text{Id} \Rightarrow G I$$

$$\mu_{x,y} : G x \circ G y \Rightarrow G(x \bullet y)$$

$$G(h : x \leq y) : G x \Rightarrow G y$$

Roadmap



3. Discrete parameterised monads are category-graded monads

$$P : \mathbb{J}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{J} \rightarrow [\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}] \quad \text{where } \mathbb{J} \text{ has only identity morphisms}$$

Define the category of \mathbb{J} -“dominoes”

$$\nabla(\mathbb{J})_1 = |\mathbb{J}| \times |\mathbb{J}|$$

(e.g., composition $(j, k) \circ (i, j) = (i, k)$)

Define a category graded monad

$$T : \nabla(\mathbb{J}) \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C}) \quad \text{with } T(i, j) = P(i, j)$$

$$\eta_i : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T(i, i) = \eta_i^P$$

$$\mu_{(i,j),(j,k)} : T(i, j) \circ T(j, k) \Rightarrow T(i, k) = \mu_{i,j,k}^P$$

Parameterised monads have some extra structure

$$\begin{array}{c} P(i, j) \\ \downarrow P(f : i' \rightarrow i, g : j \rightarrow j') \\ P(i', j') \end{array}$$

morphism mapping (approximation)

+ dinaturality axioms

Generalised units

arises from lax natural transformations (Street, 1972)

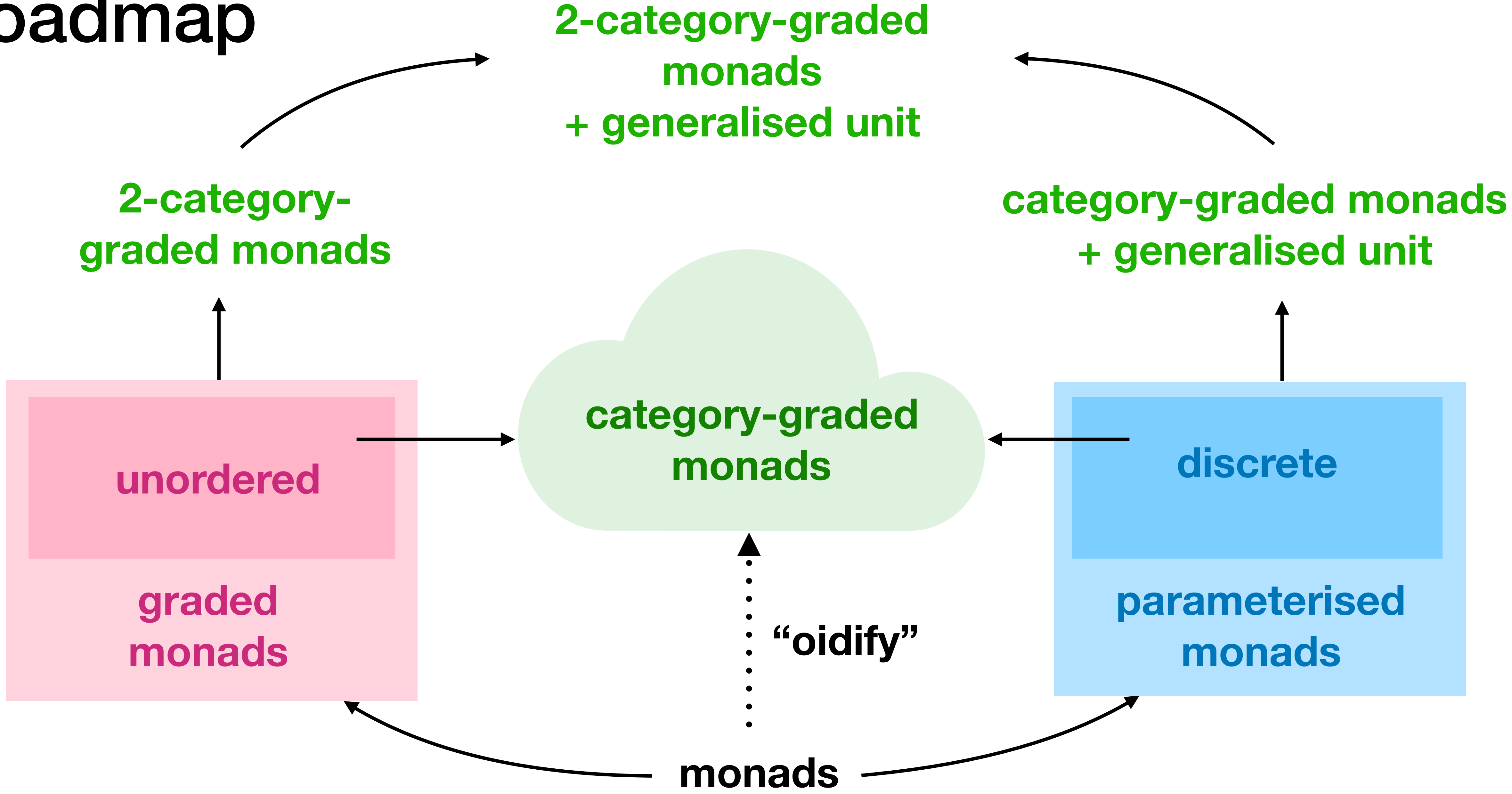
Wide sub-category $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \mathcal{F}$

Family of morphisms $\hat{\eta}_{f: X \rightarrow Y \in \mathcal{S}} : \text{Id} \rightarrow Tf$

4. Parameterised monads are category-graded monads + $\hat{\eta}$

Paper shows details

Roadmap



Example

$|\mathcal{F}| = \{\mathbf{free}, \mathbf{critical}\}$

lock : free \rightarrow critical

unlock : critical \rightarrow free

get, put : critical \rightarrow critical

spawn : $(\forall f. \text{ConcSt } (f : \text{free} \rightarrow \text{free}) \ 1) \rightarrow \text{ConcSt } f \ 1$

$\text{ConcSt} : \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$

get : ConcSt **get** S

put : $S \rightarrow$ ConcSt **put** 1

lock : ConcSt **lock** 1

unlock : ConcSt **unlock** 1

Conclusions

- Shows us where graded & parameterised overlap
- A more general structure that captures both aspects: tracing + restriction

 granule-project.github.io

Thank you!

Category-graded monad

\mathcal{F}^{op}

$\downarrow T$

$\text{Endo}(\mathbb{C})$

$$\eta_x : \text{Id} \Rightarrow T \text{id}_x$$

$$\mu_{f,g} : T f \circ T g \Rightarrow T(g \circ f)$$